

CONGRESS.

THE SENATE DID NOT SIT TO-DAY.

In the House, the discussion of the bill reported by Mr. Cambreling, to amend the navigation laws of the United States, was resumed, when Mr. Wayne occupied the floor for the expiration of the hour, without coming to a conclusion. The bills ordered to be engrossed on Friday were then passed. Mr. McDuffie moved to take up the bill for the relief of Susan Deatur, which was laid on the table some weeks. The motion was negatived, yeas 68, nays 104. The House then went into committee of the whole on the state of the Union, and agreed to the articles of impeachment prepared against Jos. H. Peck. On motion of Mr. Buchanan, the House, after concurring in the report of the committee of the whole, ordered five managers to be appointed to conduct the impeachment, and these managers being ballotted for, Messrs. Buchanan, Storrs, McDuffie, and Spencer of New York, were chosen on the first ballot, and after three other ballottings, Mr. Woodbury was chosen the fifth manager. A resolution consequent upon these proceedings, was then adopted, and the House adjourned.

MONDAY, MAY 3.

In the Senate, due order was taken for constituting that body a Court of Impeachment, with a view to receiving the charges against Judge Peck, which the House of Representatives has given notice of its intention to exhibit. Some time was spent upon Mr. Benton's Land Graduation Bill, which was afterwards laid on the table on his motion. The bill prescribing the mode of commencing, prosecuting, and deciding controversies between States, was then again taken up, and Mr. Robbins having concluded his argument in favor of it, the Senate adjourned.

In the House of Representatives, after petitions and reports had been presented, the Tennessee Land Bill was discussed, and finally rejected by a majority of 21 votes. The House then went into committee of the whole, and after an unsuccessful motion by Mr. Bell to take up the Indian bill, (which was negatived by a majority of 15 votes) the committee resumed the consideration of the bill to alter the tariff laws. Mr. Blair, of S. C. spoke in support of Mr. McDuffie's amendment, and Mr. Davis, of N. C., having obtained the floor, the committee rose.

TUESDAY, MAY 4.

The Senate yesterday resolved itself into a Court of Impeachment, and the Managers on the part of the House of Representatives appeared and exhibited an article of Impeachment against Judge Peck. After ordering that Judge Peck be summoned to answer thereon, on Tuesday next, the Court was adjourned to that day. The Senate then took up the bill to re-organize the Navy of the United States, which was under consideration at the adjournment.

In the House of Representatives, a bill was introduced by Mr. Wickliffe, from the Select Committee on the subject, to amend the several acts relating to the registering and granting of licenses of Steam Boats; and to provide for the better securing of vessels and passengers on board of vessels, and reported, from the same Committee, a resolution calling on the Secretary of the Treasury for his views on the subject. A motion was then made by Mr. Grennell, to reconsider the vote by which the bill relative to the Tennessee lands had been, on the previous day, rejected. The motion led to some discussion, which terminated in a successful motion to lay the motion to reconsider on the table. The House then resolved itself into a Committee of the whole on the state of the Union, and took up the bill to amend the acts in alteration of the various acts imposing duties on Imports, when Mr. Davis of Massachusetts spoke for about two hours, in conclusion of a most eloquent argument in favor of the bill, to which the most remarkable and unbroken attention was paid throughout. He was preceded by Mr. Crawford on the same side. The committee then acted on the bills reported by Mr. Archer, relative to Foreign Ministers, which were reported to the House.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 5.

In the Senate, the bill introduced on leave by Mr. Webster, to establish the office of Solicitor of the Treasury, was read the second time. Mr. Webster supported the bill with various arguments in its favor; and when he had concluded, after two unsuccessful motions for reference to the Committee of Finance and Judiciary, by Messrs. Woodbury and King, the bill was, on motion of Mr. King, postponed to, and made the order of the day for Monday next. The bill to graduate the price of public lands was taken up, on motion of Mr. Benton, and, after undergoing various amendments, in which the donation clause, and the reduction in price below 75 cents per acre, to actual settlers, were stricken out, was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, yeas 24, nays 22. The bill, as it stands now, has reduced the price to one dollar an acre to the general purchaser, and 75 cents per acre to the actual settler; Messrs. Haynes, Benton, Woodbury, King, McLean, McKinley, Bell, and Clayton, took part in the discussion.

In the House of Representatives, Mr. Everett, of Massachusetts, reported

from the Committee on the Library, a joint resolution respecting the distribution of the copies of the diplomatic correspondence of the United States, purchased by Congress. It was read, and appropriately disposed of. A report on the subject of the expenditures in the Navy Department, was made by Mr. A. H. Shepperd, and laid upon the table; and the bill introduced by Mr. Archer, from the Committee on Foreign Affairs, providing for the settlement of the accounts of various public functionaries, was passed. The further consideration of the bill fixing the compensation of Foreign Ministers, reported by the same gentleman, was postponed until Monday next.

Mr. Cambreling's bill, in amendment of the Navigation Laws, was discussed until the close of the hour; Mr. Wayne renewing his remarks upon that subject. The bill to regulate certain import duties, was then taken up in Committee of the whole on the state of the Union, Mr. Polk in the Chair; and Mr. Crawford concluded his argument in support of it. Mr. Barwell followed in opposition to it, and was succeeded by Mr. Woodbury, who until the rising of the Committee. Mr. Buchanan subsequently submitted to the House, a bill in lieu of that of Mr. Mallory, which was ordered to be printed; after which, the House, at 5 o'clock, adjourned.

THURSDAY, MAY 6.

In the Senate, after the reception of various reports from Standing Committees on subjects which had been referred to them, Mr. Dickerson, from the Committee to which had been referred so much of the President's Message as relates to the disposal of the surplus revenue of the nation after the payment of the national debt, reported a bill for the distribution of the surplus revenue among the States, which was read and ordered to a second reading. The bill for the building of light houses and beacons, erection of piers, placing buoys, and improvement of certain harbors, was taken up, on motion of Mr. Woodbury, and having been amended, was laid on the table, on motion of Mr. Smith, of South Carolina. Several bills from the House were read the second time and referred; and several were ordered to a third reading. The Senate spent some time in the consideration of Executive business.

In the House of Representatives, it was resolved, on motion of Mr. Gilmore, that after to-day, the hour of assembling be ten o'clock. Mr. White, of New York, offered a resolution calling upon the Secretary of the Treasury for a variety of information of great interest with respect to our foreign commerce. The bill to amend the navigation laws was discussed until the close of the hour, Mr. Wayne resuming his argument, and Mr. Scott offering an amendment. The bill for the punishment of crimes in the District of Columbia, was, after some debate, laid upon the table; and the other bills on the subject of the district, viz: those respecting the bridge across the Potomac, the Orphans' Court, and the amendment of the charter of Georgetown, were discussed, and finally ordered for engrossment. The bill for the incorporation of the Alexandria Canal Company, was considered and passed in a similar manner, previous to the adjournment of the House, which took place at 5 o'clock.

FRIDAY, MAY 7.

The Senate resumed the consideration of the bill for the relief of the Revolutionary officers and soldiers of the Virginia State line, which was ordered to a third reading. Several private bills were passed, together with the bill to vest in the State of Indiana certain lands within the canal grant; the act to alter the time of holding the sessions of the legislative council at Florida, and the bill "to graduate the price of public lands;" the latter, after an unsuccessful motion to amend, by Mr. Foot, was passed by a vote of 24 to 22.

After the expenditure of the morning hour in the discussion of the bill to amend the Navigation Laws, which was again occupied by Mr. Wayne, who concluded with the hour, Mr. Strong having then obtained the floor, some resolutions were acted on in the House of Representatives. A resolution offered on the 3d inst. by Mr. Carson, calling for information on the subject of the accounts of Miles King of Norfolk, having been taken up, Mr. Whittlesey moved an amendment, enlarging the sphere of the inquiry, and connecting with it an inquiry on the subject of Purser Timberlake's accounts, but, the hour having expired, no discussion took place, a motion to lay the resolution and amendment on the table being negatived by a vote of 149 to 8. The bill for the settlement of the accounts of certain diplomatic functionaries was postponed till Monday. The House then suspended the rule which appropriates Friday and Saturday of each week to the consideration of private bills, and resumed, as in committee of the whole on the state of the Union, the discussion on the bill reported by the Committee on Manufactures. The debate was continued by Mr. Young of Connecticut, Mr. Cambreling, Mr. Bates, and Mr. Everett, when the committee rose without taking any question.

In the Senate, the bill authorizing a subscription of Stock in the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road Company, was read the second time, considered as in Com-

mittee of the whole, and on motion by Mr. Hendricks, laid on the table.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

MAIL ROBBERS.

The trial of James Porter, charged as an accomplice of Wilson, (who has been already tried and convicted,) in the robbery of the Pottsville mail, was to have come on at Philadelphia on the 4th inst. An effort had been made by his counsel to procure a postponement of his trial until the next term of the District Court, alleging as the ground of it, the great degree of excitement which appeared to prevail, occasioned or increased by the recent trial of Wilson, and which would render it difficult to get an impartial jury. The effort was, however, unavailing; and the trial was ordered for yesterday.

The Philadelphia Morning Journal contains the following extract from the testimony of Mr. Jeffers, a police officer of this city, given on the trial of Wilson, who was convicted of the capital offense, as charged in the indictment. [Balt. Pat.]

"I took the Pottsville mail, together with him, He said Abraham Poteet, alias James Williams, and James Porter, alias James May. They went out two or three times to stop the Lancaster Mail, but he, the prisoner, was unwilling, and he would have nothing to do with it, but was afraid Porter would have shot him. He then proceeded to tell the incidents as before related. One seized the leading horse and ordered the driver to stop. Wilson made an ineffectual attempt to extinguish the lamp, which another accomplished with his pistol. They found no money in the letters, and left the bag in the road. Wilson pawned the watches. On the road to Philadelphia, Wilson showed Jeffers a gunsmith's shop, on the other side of Schuylkill, which they robbed of the pistols used on the occasion. Wilson and Poteet stood guard whilst the stage was plundered. They got about \$100 in money. Wilson was at good employment in Philadelphia when he was induced into the crime."

Another officer who assisted in bringing him to Philadelphia, Wilson said that it was all over with him; that he should plead guilty to every charge, for he thought there was too much evidence against him. Upon being asked if he was not afraid of robbing a stage with so many passengers in it, he said no—that three good men could rob twelve at any time. They had no rope for it was presumed every man had a handkerchief. Whilst the passengers were tied, Wilson's business was to walk round the horses and keep the passengers in a row. Porter returned the watch to the passenger who asked for it, and gave half a dollar to Mr. Heister. Upon being asked what they would have done if resistance had been made, he said, I suppose we should have shot two or three, and that would have dampened the rest.

Whilst in the Baltimore jail, Wilson told Reside, the mail contractor, that himself and his accomplices were weary in the Northern Liberties; that he was very anxious for him to join the Baltimore and Ohio mail; he had refused several times to join him; insisted on six and stated that he was better to go and rob a mail and get something for it, than to be picking up little nice things, as silver spoons, &c. as they had been in the habit of doing. Wilson objected, unless Poteet would join, which was at last assented to, and they went out several times to rob the Lancaster mail, which they learned was valuable, from an old convict who had been a clerk in the Lancaster Post Office. His heart failed him; the last time they went out, the coach was full, and he threatened his life if they did not. He pretended to be sick, proposed the Kimberton mail as a less dangerous undertaking, to which he consented. Then induced him to join in an attempt on the Reading mail, which was supposed to carry large sums of money to Pottsville. After that robbery, one of his accomplices suggested that the six o'clock stage would be coming, and that they might as well give that a touch. Wilson objected, upon which the other threatened him so violently that he left him."

WHEELING, VA. MAY 1. Another Steam Boat Disaster.—On the 10th inst. 7 miles below New Madrid, one of the boilers of the steam boat Caledonia exploded, and killed seven persons, and wounded 14 or 15 others. So it is stated in a letter from the Clerk of the boat, written immediately after the disaster, —other persons represent the loss of lives as much greater. There were nearly 400 passengers on board. It appears impossible to account for the accident; the boat was under way at the time, and the fracture was in the side of the boiler, which it is believed is a new occurrence. —Gazette.

Three or four persons, suspected of the murder of Mr. White, were arrested in Salem on Sunday morning, the 2d inst.

The Mercantile Advertiser learns from an authentic source, that the amount of revenue received by bonds at the Custom House in New York, in the month of April, is about two and a half millions of dollars.

DARIEN, (GEORGIA.) April 19. The Superior Court of this county, Judge Law presiding, commenced its Spring sitting this morning, when a bill of indictment, charging Allen B. Powell with the murder of Major John Floyd, in January last, the particulars of which you have heretofore published, came before the Grand Jury. The Jury, after being out about three hours and a half in the examination of witnesses, returned "no bill."

The Grand Jury will have before them to-morrow a bill of indictment against Charles Floyd, Richard Floyd, and William Hopkins, for an assault with intent to murder. As this is the all engrossing subject of conversation here and will probably excite great attention in Savannah, to prevent such transactions which usually follow such trials, I send you the following particulars which I believe will be found correct. It appears from the statements of the principal witnesses, that this morning, before breakfast, while Powell was standing in the store of Mr. Palmer, on the Bay, a pistol was fired at him by the gentleman first named in the indictment, the ball of which cut the sleeve of his coat, and passed through both sides of a molasses hogshead, and lodged in a partition wall. Judge Law, on the affidavit of Powell, immediately issued a warrant for the apprehension of the individuals named, which has since been returned with the endorsement "non est inveniendus." Powell about one o'clock was escorted to the Court House by an armed party of his friends to give in his testimony, but from the number of witnesses, the Grand Jury adjourned until to-morrow, and he was conveyed in the same manner back to his lodgings. —Sav. Georgian.

MOBILE, APRIL 20. Tuskuina.—The Creek Chief Tuskuina reached here yesterday, in charge of an officer of the U. S. Army, and was delivered over to the custody of the Marshal of this district. An examination was had before a Magistrate last evening, on a charge of his having stolen the U. S. Mail in February last. He was held to bail in the sum of one thousand dollars, for his appearance at the May term of the District Court to be held in this city. Tuskuina was taken at his residence, on the night of the 13th inst. by a small band of troops under the command of Major Wages. The Montgomery Journal says that upwards of a thousand Indians, mostly armed, assembled at the stand, lately known as Triplett's, immediately after his arrest, and that a rescue would probably have been attempted, but for the advice of an old King of a neighboring town, and Tuskuina himself, who was understood to have told them that they must not put their hands upon a white man.

CHARLES WHITE, an itinerant vender of Foreign Lottery Tickets, was on Saturday, sentenced by the Court of Oyer and Terminer, to pay a fine of two thousand dollars to the President and Treasurer of the Union Canal Company, for the use of that Company. Judge King, in passing sentence, said that the evils resulting from lottery gambling were most appalling; that if he was called to select any one thing most mischievous in its public tendency; more productive of poverty and insolvency than another, it was the fatal mania for lottery gambling, that seemed to pervade so inconceivable part of the community—that he had determined, by decisive measures, in every case that came before him, where lottery tickets were sold in violation of the laws of the State, to punish the offenders to the extent of the statute, and thus, if possible, diminish an evil that was daily sapping the public morals. The defendant was committed. —Philadelphia Sentinel.

LEESBURG, VA. MAY 1.

On Monday of last week a lady inquest sat upon the body of Levi Whaley, a citizen of this county, residing near Goose Creek, who had, on the previous evening, terminated his existence by hanging himself in his own house, in the absence of his family. And on Monday last, another inquest was called on the body of John Green, also of this county, who had put a period to his existence by suspending himself from the limb of a tree, two or three miles east of this town.—Verdicts in both instances corresponding. —Genius of Liberty.

Counterfeit \$5 notes on the Farmer's Bank of Maryland, Easton Branch, are in circulation on the Eastern Shore.

The robber Gasparoni, who has been lately arrested at Rome, was betrayed by a woman with whom he was connected. The Roman police had offered to the latter 6000 Roman crowns if she would consent to draw Gasparoni out to a snare. An arbor was pointed out by her for the place of meeting, and at the moment agreed upon, the watchmen threw themselves upon Gasparoni. The robber, finding himself taken, strangled the woman, of whose perfidy he considered himself the victim. He is charged with 143 assassinations, of which he has confessed 105.

Mourning apparel.—The citizens of Northborough, Mass. have resolved, in public town meeting, that the custom of wearing mourning apparel ought to be discontinued.

Emanuel J. West, lately appointed Charge d'Affaires at Chili, died at Rio Janeiro, on the 12th of February. He had landed there on the 1st, from the ship Alfred of New York, on his passage to Chili.

The Varioloid lurs, within the last two or three weeks, appeared at Harrisburg, in Pennsylvania, attacking many, but, as yet, proving fatal in no instance. "What is somewhat singular," says the Harrisburg Republican, "and seemingly contradictory to the old doctrine, that those affected once with the small pox will never have a return of that disease, those who have been deeply pitted with the small pox have had severe attacks of it under the name of Varioloid."

Spurious Bank Paper.—In our last we cautioned the citizens of Loudoun of the circulation of counterfeit notes among them, of the denomination of \$10 on the Farmer's Bank of Alexandria, payable to Bofivar, dated March 23, 1826; since which we have been informed from various respectable sources, that some sections of the County are, comparatively speaking, inundated with these notes. It is to be regretted that there remains no doubt of the existence of an establishment in Loudoun for the manufacture of such money. It is the duty of all good citizens of the village of Union and its neighborhood, to be on the alert in ferreting out these gentry; public opinion locates them there. The following paragraph, containing some additional information on the subject, is taken from a letter published in the last Warrenton Spectator, dated (Harrisburg) 29th April, 1830.

"The note that I received, as well as the others, (persons) are of the same denomination, payable to Bofivar, dated March 23, 1826. They are well executed and well calculated to deceive. There are two descriptions of notes payable to Bofivar, and dated as above. You will find that the vignette differs in some particulars. It was said that one of the above description of notes was genuine, but from recent information from the same respectable source, (a merchant of Alexandria) all notes payable to Bofivar are counterfeit, of the denomination of \$10. —[Leesburg Washingtonian.]

The world, at least the peacefully inclined portion of it, will be rejoiced to learn that the Phrenologists have settled the question as to the danger to be apprehended to the peace of Europe from any future acts of the Young Napoleon, in emulation of his father. They will be gratified to perceive by the subjoined extract, that his organs of "combateness and destructiveness" are very small, and therefore the chance of peace, as far as he is concerned, comparatively very large. —Sav. Georgian.

Phrenology.—Young Napoleon's head.—While at Vienna, a few months ago, Mr. Hawking, a distinguished Phrenologist, had opportunities of inspecting the head of young Napoleon. His remarks upon this and other subjects, connected with the sciences, are published in the British Magazine. He observes—"In one case this inspection continued for some minutes at the distance of twenty feet. In the other, this very interesting youth, comparison and analogy were the most prominent of the Intellectual organs, which were all large; benevolence, firmness, justice, and idealty, appeared the most developed of the moral organs; which were also all large. Of the animal feelings, cautiousness, and the love of approbation, were large; self esteem and acquisitiveness, moderate; secretiveness, small; and amateness, combateness, and destructiveness, very small. He is much spoken of in Vienna, as particularly amiable and intelligent. He was eighteen and a half years old at the time of the observation, and nearly six feet high, but very slender.

Colleges.—It is stated in the New York Courier, that at the Eagle Print Works, at Bellville, New Jersey, upwards of 120,000 yards of American calicoes are printed weekly. The works are very extensive, and embrace shops for the manufacture of all the patterns, forms and tests, and keep in constant employ upwards of two hundred persons. The goods manufactured at this institution, meet with a ready sale, and it is said are so excellent that many a fair one, who imagines she is decked in the "latest importation," is, in fact, arrayed in calico printed in New Jersey.

Influence of the Bottle.—For the first time in our lives, we were recently convinced of the utility of the rum bottle. In passing by a cornfield, near the residence of the Shaker's, in Eastfield, N. H., we saw large numbers of rum bottles, like so many murderers, suspended with strings about their necks. The ingenious device had its desired effect. Not a crow dared approach within the limits of the domain. It is a man who boasts of high intellectual endowments, they secured to him a way from the sight, with instinctive dread, and to crouch upon the ground, there's death in the bottle. This fact speaks volumes in praise of the superior sagacity of the Frisco crows.

A certain Justice of the Peace, would only hear one of the parties in a case before him, because it always puzzled him he said, when he heard both!

RECIPE FOR GOLD SOAP.

The leach-sud or hogshead must be covered at the bottom with straws and sticks—then put in a bushel of ashes, then two or three quarts of unslacked lime, upon which you must throw two quarts of boiling water to excite fermentation and slack the lime; put in another bushel of ashes, and as near as possible lime and water, and continue to do so until your vessel is full; put in hot water till you can draw off the lye, after which the heat of the water is the of much consequence. You must have at least two-thirds of a bushel of lime to a hogshead; if you wish your soap to be made quick, one hogshead of ashes will make two barrels of soap. When you draw off your lye you must keep two pail-falls by themselves, and the next two in another vessel, and the third two in another vessel still; they weigh 29 lbs. of clear strained grease, or of scraps without straining 39 lbs. put into a large kettle with 3 lbs. of rosin, then pour over it one pail-fall of lye, from the first drawn vessel; and one from the second drawn vessel; put it over the fire and let it boil 20 minutes; be careful to add no lye over the fire, but saving off the grease if it is too thick, pour it into a pail, and put your barrel and put in one pail full of lye from the third drawn vessel, and give it a good stir; then weigh your grease for another barrel, and take the lye remaining in the vessels in the same manner as for the first barrel; then draw off your weak lye and fit up the vessels as fast as possible, remembering to put half in each barrel that they may be equally strong; if your leach-runs through fast, you may have your barrels full in an hour, and so hard that you can hardly stir them.—You must stir it after you begin to put in your lye, till your barrel is full.—Fourteen quarts of melted grease is the quantity for a barrel.

[Many families in this town make their soap according to the foregoing receipt with perfect success.]

[Hampshire Gazette.]

On the preservation of Potatoes.—Potatoes, at the depth of one foot in the ground, produce sprouts in the spring, at the depth of two feet they appear in the middle of summer; at three feet deep they are very short and never come to the surface; and between three and five feet they cease to vegetate. In consequence of observing these effects, several parcels of potatoes were buried in a garden at the depth of three feet and a half, and were not removed until after intervals of one and two years. They were then found without any appearance of germination, and possessing their original freshness, firmness, goodness, and taste. Is it the weight of earth, the moisture, heat, light, or moisture, that occasions the result at the depth of a foot? The fact is a very curious one. As the preservation of this valuable vegetable is of importance to the community generally, the knowledge of what is stated above may induce farmers and others to have an opportunity to try the experiment.

A hard Heart.—The following advertisement appeared in the Boston Patriot, made of Gold. The owner can be reached by applying at this office. This heart can hardly be said to be made of "penetrable stuff."

ANDREW HUNTER, ATTORNEY AT LAW.

HAS removed his office into the basement story of his new dwelling, next door east of the Court-House, where he may be generally consulted except when attending the courts of Berkeley, and the Winchester Chancery. Intending to devote a special attention to the subject of Conveyancing, he will be constantly provided with a supply of Parchment, upon which, when desired, deeds and other important assurances of title, will be prepared. —Charlestown, May 12, 1830—31.

TRUST SALE.

BY virtue of a deed of trust, from Geo. F. W. Wise to the undersigned, as trustee for John S. Gallaher, bearing date the 26th day of November, 1827, and duly recorded in the Clerk's office of Jefferson County, to sell a sum of money, in said deed mentioned, I will proceed to sell, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Saturday the 22d instant, at Highpers Ferry, sundry articles of personal property described in said deed, including a horse, saddle and bridle, a ten-plate stove, two guns, a mahogany book-case, &c. &c. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock, A. M. P. C. MACCARE, Trustee. —May 12, 1830.

NOTICE.

BEING compelled to be entirely at the expense of keeping in repair and good order, the WELL on my lot in Bodran, now occupied by John E. Parmer, I hereby forewarn all persons from taking water out of the said well, except those who live on the lot, and those families which pay (each of them) one dollar per year. SUSANNAH DOWNEY. —May 12, 1830.

FOR SALE.

A NEGRO WOMAN about forty years of age, perhaps something under it, intermarried with her female child about seven years old. The woman is a most excellent cook and washer, is strong and healthy, and has no husband or young infant. The girl is uncommonly likely and smart. Inquire of the PRINTER. —May 12, 1830.

A TROOPER'S COAT.

NEARLY new, will be sold cheap for cash. Apply at this office. —May 12, 1830.

THE F...

WEDNESDAY

We some time ago furnished you that the majority situation would be... We are much... Doddridge's fear Commonwealth, ration of the Ne... election in Mon... of Mr. Doddridge... pulous at the last... least a large prop... friendly to the... editor of the Wh... his satisfaction w... tion, although he... people of the Y... editor, pleased to... the privilege of d... as soon as it can...

MONONG...

Edward C. Wilson... Francis Billings... For the Cons... Against it... Messrs Wilson... the New Constitu...

The Spring ter... Winchester, wh... the first Monday... ay last, the 7th... ssembly for refor... fitting the busine... together with the... tingished ability... completely resto... of our district, th... and so justly rest... We mean the gra... causes which ha... may now be pr... that court, in al... courts of law.

JOSEPH EVANS, of age, was exec... Greensburg, Pa... ler on the 21st d... a solemn warnin... particularly to t... the company of s... some. If he co... act for which he... suicide, commit... against two men... him with clubs... not one of them... make peace, wh... with a shovel-u... to protect him... milants. It oc... the winning... principal amou... Last any im... created, from t... man and her fa... mans at this pla... of the overseer... had been offer... vided for the in... tively refused to... had frequently... subsistence by t... ber conduct ha... no house can be... town. She pre... comfortably pr... The fault is, th...

BRATTON.—I

the word figur... ratively, throug... The word was... We should not... this error, if it... medical.

Congress... negatives, o... ported, the ve... vent accident... viding, unde... strength and... and boilers, m... of su... same time, t... reported, a... Resolved, t... may be direc... to this House... such informat... same) as, in... important to... the navigat... such as, in t... arising from t...

Col. Par... his, being... States for... Swelton, d... o'clock, ... ttle, con... males, et...

NEW AND CHEAP SHOES, HATS, & C.

N. BUCKMASTER. WOULD with all due deference to the public...

ALSO, BROWN, DRAB, & BLACK HATS. Of the newest fashion and best quality...

NOTICE. THE undersigned begs leave to inform his customers...

REMOVAL. HIRAM BOWEN, TAILOR.

ACKNOWLEDGES his obligations to the citizens of Charlestown and its vicinity...

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTING. THE undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Jefferson county...

CLOTHES! CLOTHES!! WE have in store, a heavy stock of blue, black, and fancy colored cloths...

For Sale or Hire. A FIRST-RATE Baltimore built GIG in good order...

JEFFERSON COUNTY, SCOTLAND. William S. Morrison, Complainant, against Corbin Baker and Jacobina Baker, Defendants.

Recs' Cyclopaedia. TWO volumes of this work, vol. 41 of the first part, and vol. 40 of the second part...

A Room for Rent. I HAVE a spare room, in the house now occupied by me...

VALLEY BANK STOCK. TEN SHARES of the above stock for sale on accommodating terms...

GRAIN CRADLES. WILL make Grain Cradles, for sale, at Mr. Samuel Strider's smith shop...

BOOT & SHOE SHOP REMOVED. THE subscriber has removed his Boot and Shoe shop to the store house lately occupied by George W. Hammond...

FARM FOR SALE. WILL be sold, on Monday the 10th day of May next, on the premises, to the public, a valuable farm...

JEFFERSON COUNTY, SCOTLAND. Anthony Rosenberger, Complainant, against Hiram Mowrey and James S. Roach, Defendants.

IN CHANCERY. THE defendant, Hiram Mowrey, not having entered his appearance...

JEFFERSON COUNTY, SCOTLAND. Samuel Hinkle, Complainant, against Corbin Baker and Jacobina Baker, Defendants.

IN CHANCERY. THE defendant, Corbin Baker, not having entered his appearance...

STILL CHEAPER, AT OMAHA. THOMAS C. LANE & CO. have the pleasure of announcing to their friends...

NOTICE. A PETITION will be presented to the next Legislature of Virginia...

A Room for Rent. I HAVE for rent, a Room upon the main street in Charlestown...

WANTED TO PURCHASE. A NEGRO MAN, from 45 to 50 years of age, who is a good otter...

NEW STORE REMOVED. GEORGE W. HAMMOND respectfully informs his customers...

GARDEN SEEDS. JUST received and for sale at the Charlestown Apothecary and Book Store...

AXES. WE have just received from Pennsylvania, a supply of CAST STEEL AXES...

WOOL CARDING. THE undersigned being a carder at hand, informs his former customers...

NOTICE. A PETITION will be presented to the next Legislature of Virginia...

HACK AND HORSES. PERSONS wishing to employ an excellent Hack and horse...

FOR SALE at the Charlestown Apothecary and Book Store. Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Truffles, Nuts, &c.

FOR RENT. A STONE HOUSE, calculated for a Store and Dwelling at present occupied by Messrs. Hamilton & Leggett...

FOR SALE. A NEGRO GIRL, about 9 years of age, active, healthy and smart...

FOR RENT. A Room for rent, a Room upon the main street in Charlestown...

FOR SALE. A NEGRO MAN, from 45 to 50 years of age, who is a good otter...

BLANKS. Various descriptions, for sale at this Office.

LAND FOR SALE. THE subscriber offers for sale his excellent FARM, called Mount Ruckey...

NEW SPRING GOODS. I HAVE received, and am now opening, my supply of Spring and Summer Goods...

SEASONABLE GOODS. Purchasers generally are requested to call and examine their assortment...

SEASONABLE GOODS. A New and Splendid Assortment of SEASONABLE GOODS...

FRESH GOODS. THE subscriber is now opening a large assortment of FRESH GOODS...

Cabinet Ware & Hard-Ware. THE subscriber has succeeded in preparing a good assortment of CABINET WARE...

FOR SALE. A private contract one thorough bred Mare by Tuckahoe dam...

LA FAYETTE. THIS thorough bred stallion and capitol tracer (the property of John M. Batts, Esq. of Richmond)...

FOR SALE. La Fayette will be seven years old this spring. He is in colour a rich blood bay...

FOR RENT. A Room for rent, a Room upon the main street in Charlestown...

FOR SALE. A NEGRO MAN, from 45 to 50 years of age, who is a good otter...

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Office of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Co. NOTICE is hereby given, that a meeting of Five Dollars per share...

TRUST SALE. The authority of a deed of trust executed by James P. Kerney to the subscriber on the 15th day of December 1833...

WANTED IMMEDIATELY. Either to Hire or Purchase, A FEMALE SERVANT, that is fond of her work...

THE Thorough-Bred Horse INDUSTRY. IS a beautiful rich dark brown, six year old this spring...

FOR SALE. A private contract one thorough bred Mare by Tuckahoe dam...

LA FAYETTE. THIS thorough bred stallion and capitol tracer (the property of John M. Batts, Esq. of Richmond)...

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Waken for the above, Waken for the light of this own, Come for the Even in the chills melting chills, How can they...

Oh cruel yet, While the soft, And thy bird, To list his...

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